Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Ontario Lacrosse Hall of Fame & Museum

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ontario Lacrosse Hall of Fame & Museum (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of revenues and expenditures and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2020, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2020, current assets and net assets as at December 31, 2020.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Ontario Lacrosse Hall of Fame & Museum (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mississauga, Ontario April 24, 2021 McCARNEY GROUP LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

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Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2020

	Оре	erating Fund	Trust	Foundation		2020	2019	
ASSETS								
Current								
Cash	\$	60,122	\$	3,568	\$	63,690	\$	59,363
Short-term								
investment (Note 2)		23,025		51,975		75,000		58,723
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		215
Interest receivable		1,514		3,421		4,935		4,906
Harmonized sales tax								
recoverable		393		-		393		5,071
Prepaid expenditures		1,650		-		1,650		121
		86,704		58,964		145,668		128,399
LONG TERM		,)		-,		- ,
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT (Note 2)		17,806		40,194		58,000		69,675
INVESTMENT (Note 2)		17,800		40,194		30,000		09,073
	\$	104,510	\$	99,158	\$	203,668	\$	198,074
LIABILITIES								
Current								
Accounts payable and accrued								
liabilities	\$	2,483	\$	_	\$	2,483	\$	6,918
	Ψ	2,103	Ψ		Ψ	2,100	Ψ	0,510
NET ASSETS								
Unrestricted net assets		102,027		-		102,027		95,207
Internally restricted net assets		-		99,158		99,158		95,949
		102,027		99,158		201,185		191,156
	\$	104,510	\$	99,158	\$	203,668	\$	198,074

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Note 5)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Director

Director

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Operating Fund		Foundation	2020	2019	
REVENUES							
Fundraising	\$	8	\$	-	\$ 8	\$	39,729
Donations		14,175		-	14,175		15,350
Investment income		868		1,960	2,828		2,691
Other income		195		-	195		4,031
		15,246		1,960	17,206		61,801
EXPENDITURES							
Fundraising costs		-		-	-		29,901
Insurance		1,852		-	1,852		3,055
Interest and bank charges		6		-	6		25
Museum display costs		1,135		-	1,135		20,839
Office and administration		1,684		-	1,684		9,765
Professional services		2,500		-	2,500		2,863
		7,177		-	7,177		66,448
NET EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
EXPENDITURES		8,069		1,960	10,029		(4,647)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF							
YEAR		95,207		95,949	191,156		195,803
		103,276		97,909	201,185		191,156
INTER-FUND TRANSFERS	,	(1,249)		1,249	-		-
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	102,027	\$	99,158	\$ 201,185	\$	191,156

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Ope	rating Fund	Trus	t Foundation	2020	2019	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	\$	8,069	\$	1,960	\$ 10,029	\$ (4,647)	
Changes in non-cash working capit	-a1·						
Accounts receivable	ш.	215		_	215	14,735	
Interest receivable		(8)		(20)	(28)	(2,692)	
Harmonized sales tax payable		4,678		(20)	4,678	(1,941)	
Prepaid expenditures		(1,529)		_	(1,529)	(1,511) (121)	
Accounts payable and accrued		(1,32))			(1,52)	(121)	
liabilities		(4,436)		-	(4,436)	(442)	
		(1,080)		(20)	(1,100)	9,539	
Cash flows from operating							
activities		6,989		1,940	8,929	4,892	
						.,,,,	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Savings accelerator		1,043		2,354	3,397	-	
Purchase of short-term							
investment		(6,040)		(13,634)	(19,674)	-	
Proceeds on maturity of long-							
term investment		3,584		8,091	11,675		
Cash flows from investing							
activities		(1,413)		(3,189)	(4,602)	-	
FINANCING ACTIVITY							
Inter-fund transfers		(1,249)		1,249	-	_	
INCREASE IN CASH		4,327		-	4,327	4,892	
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR		55,795		3,568	 59,363	 54,471	
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	60,122	\$	3,568	\$ 63,690	\$ 59,363	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

The Ontario Lacrosse Hall of Fame & Museum (the Organization) is a not-for-profit organization incorporated without share capital. As such, it is exempt from corporate income taxes under Section 149(1)(1) of the Income Tax Act.

The purpose and objectives of the Organization are as follows:

- 1. To preserve our historical and cultural heritage by providing and operating a public museum and by offering education programmes, seminars and forums designed to increase the public's appreciation and awareness of Canada's official summer game, and its historical/cultural contribution to Canada.
- 2. To purchase, maintain and preserve historical and cultural artifacts related to Canada's official summer game, and to keep such artifacts available for viewing by the public.

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Fund accounting

Revenues and expenditures related to general fundraising and administrative activities are reported in the Operating Fund. The Operating Fund is an unrestricted fund.

The Trust Foundation, described below, is a restricted fund.

Trust Foundation

The Trust Foundation was established by the Organization to receive gift donations as "bequeathments" or "in honour" of players and builders of lacrosse. An application must be made to access the funds maintained in the Trust Foundation. Upon approval, support is provided in one of three areas:

- 1. Upgrading the museum in line with provincial museum standards;
- 2. Research on lacrosse to support the Organization's research priorities; and/or
- 3. Humanitarian support for lacrosse in the province of Ontario.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund as follows:

Donations received by the Organization are recorded in the Operating Fund on a cash basis in the year
of receipt. Revenues from fundraising events are recognized in the Operating Fund when the events
have been held.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement uncertainty

Certain amounts in the financial statements are subject to measurement uncertainty and are based on the Organization's best information and judgment. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Example of significant estimates is:

• the accrual of liabilities.

Contributed materials and services

The Organization records these contributions at fair value, where such value can be reasonably determined. Donated services have not been reflected in these statements since no objective basis is available to measure their value.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected future undiscounted net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Tangible capital assets

These purchases are expensed as incurred.

Financial instruments

Measurement

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value, except for certain related party transactions which are measured at the carrying value or exchange value, as appropriate. The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable, interest receivable, and short and long-term investments.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost includes accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures.

Transaction costs

The Organization recognizes its transaction costs in excess of revenues over expenditures in the year incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair values are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance or assumption.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020

2. SHORT AND LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

		Operating Fund		Trust Foundation		2020		2019	
Short-term investment									
The Bank of Nova Scotia, Savings									
Accelerator	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,398	
The Bank of Nova Scotia, Special rate									
GIC, 2.250% p.a., maturing on									
February 27, 2021, issue amount									
\$75,000, maturity value \$80,182		23,025		51,975		75,000		55,325	
	\$	23,025	\$	51,975	\$	75,000	\$	58,723	
Long-term investment									
The Bank of Nova Scotia, Special rate									
GIC, 0.75% p.a., maturing on									
January 28, 2022, issue amount									
\$58,000, maturity value \$58,508	\$	17,806	\$	40,194	\$	58,000	\$	69,675	

3. MUSEUM DISPLAY COSTS

The Organization purchases various memorabilia to include in their collection of historical and cultural artifacts held for public exhibition. These amounts and the the costs to maintain the displays are expensed as museum display costs.

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. In the opinion of the Board of Directors the Organization is not exposed to significant interest rate, currency or credit risk from its financial instruments.

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national, and global economies.

Management is closely monitoring the situation and does not anticipate any impairment of its assets as at December 31, 2020. The museum is presently closed in accordance with government directives.

The overall effect of these events on the Organization and its operations is too uncertain to be estimated at this time. The impacts will be accounted for when they are known and may be assessed.